

On site medical treatment of victims

if possible

if reasonable

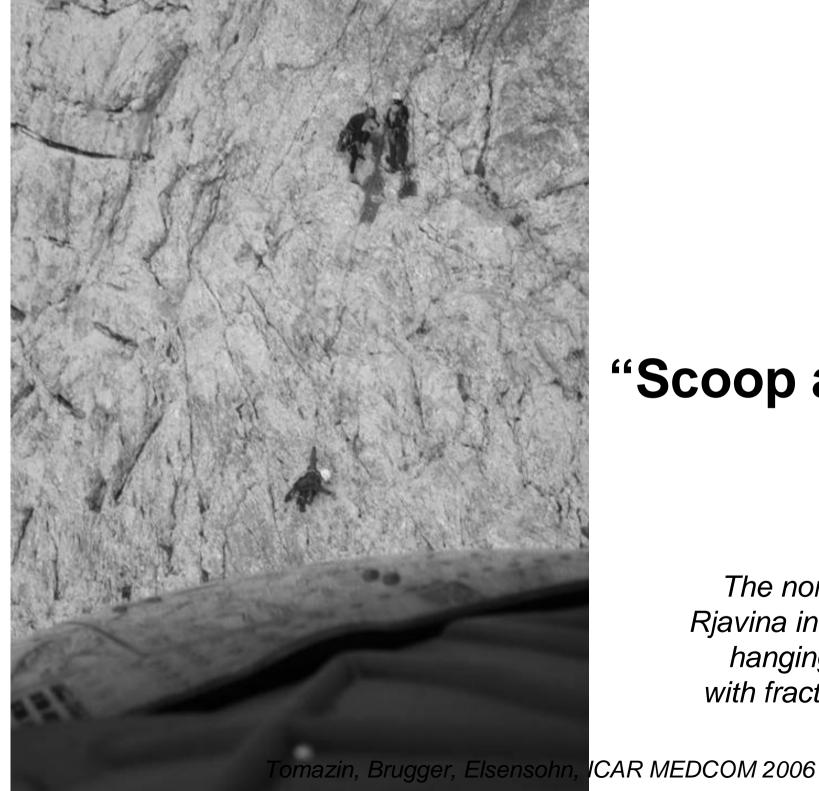
Tomazin, Brugger, Elsensohn, ICAR MEDCOM 2006



"Stay and play"

"Scoop and run"





"Scoop and run"

The north face of Rjavina in Julian Alps: hanging climber with fractured pelvis







HIGH ALTITUDE EMERGENCY MEDICINE New devices New drugs Helicopters fly higher Better organization? Prevention! Tomazin, Brugger, Elsensohn, ICAR MEDCOM 2006

4. RESEARCH AND PUBLISHING

- Our main goal is to improve, share and spread our knowledge and experience worldwide
- Cooperation with other ICAR commissions
- Cooperation with UIAA MEDCOM
- Cooperation with other institutions



ICAR MEDCOM GUIDELINES AND RECOMMENDATIONS ARE INTENDED FOR:

- Mountain rescue doctors
- Mountain rescuers
- Emergency doctors
- Rescue first responders
- Rescue organisations
- Mountaineers (some)
- Local authorities (some)

IS GUIDELINES **EMERGENCY** REDUCTION

Editor: Fidel Elsensohn, MD



ernational Commission for Mountain Emergency Medicine CAR MEDCOM

Mountaineering and Climbing Federation



- ON STETREATMENT OF AVALANCHE VICTIMS (Brugger, Durrer 2002)
- ON STETREATMENT OF HYPOTHERMIA (Durrer, Brugger, Syme 2003)
- ON STETREATMENT OF FROSTBITE FOR MOUNTAINEERS (Syme 2003)
- MEDICAL CONSIDERATIONS IN THE USE OF HELICOPTERS IN MOUNTAIN RESCUE (Tomazin, Kovacs 2003)

• LIGHTNING INJURIES

Zafren, Durrer, Hery, Brugger 2005

• A SURVEY OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES IN MOUNTAIN AREAS OF EUROPE AND NORTH AMERICA

Brugger, Elsensohn, Syme, Falk 2005

• THE USE OF AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATORS IN THE MOUNTAINS

Elsensohn, Agazzi, Syme, Swangard, Faccheti, Brugger 2005

• SNAKEBITE INJURIES IN MOUNTAINEOUS TERRAIN: PREVENTION AND ON STE TREATMENT

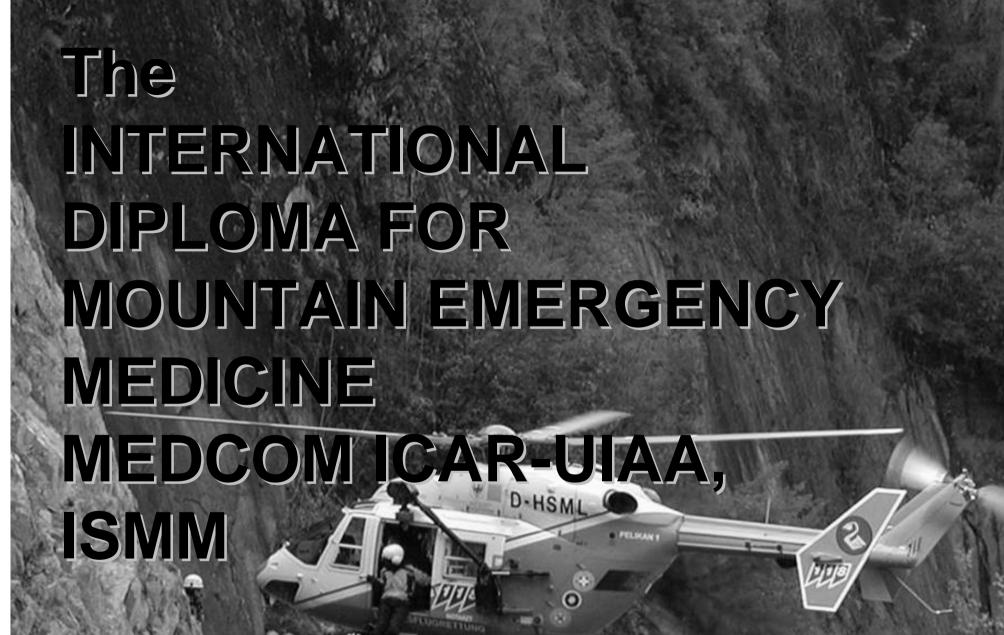
Boyd, Agazzi, Svajda, Morgan, Ferrandis 2006

 BASIC LIFE SUPPORT VENTILATION IN MOUNTAIN RESCUE

Paal, Ellerton, Sumann, Demetz, Mair, Brugger 2006

• THE USE OF EXTRICATION DEVICES IN CREVASSE ACCIDENTS

Jacomet, Zen Ruffinen, Winterberger, Syme, Ledoux, Jelk 2006



Hermann Brugger IKAR-CISA General Assembly Kranjska Gora October 14th, 2006

1997 Interlaken (CH)

Agreement MEDCOM UIAA-ICAR, ISMM

Minimum requirements for International Diploma of Mountain Medicine





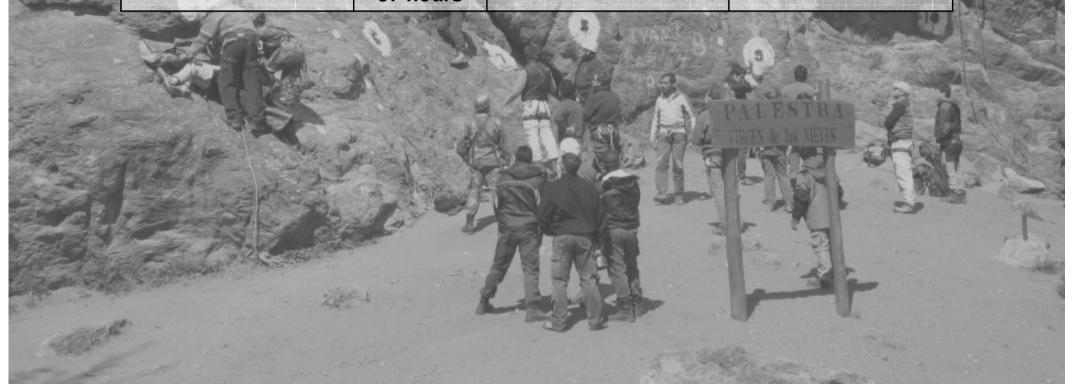


A) Common course

Basics of	Minimum time	Instructors	Training
Altitude	3	high altitude experienced doctor	theory
Hypothermia	4	experienced doctor	theory
Avalanche	4	experienced doctor + mountain guide	theory + practical
Frostbite	2	experienced doctor	theory
Heat and solar radiation	1	experienced doctor	theory
Survival in the mountains/ exhaustion	4	experienced doctor	theory + workshop
children and mountains	1	experienced doctor (pediatrician)	theory
Practical traumatology	4	experienced doctor	workshop
weather	1	mountain guide or meterologist	theory
Rescue technics (introduction)	1	experienced mountain rescue doctor	theory
Rescue technics (pract.)	2	experienced mountain rescue doctor	practical
Mountaineering techniques	18	mountain guides	Practical
Nutrition	1	experienced doctor or nutritionist	Theory
Exercise physiology	1	physiologist or experienced doc	theory
Travel Medicine	1	experienced doctor	theory
"Navigation" in the mountains	4	mountain guide	workshop + practical
First aid kit	1	experienced doctor	theory
Legal aspects	0,5	experienced laywer	theory
Stress management	1	experienced doctor	theory
Pre - existing clinical conditions	1	experienced doctor	theory
Analgesia in the field	1	experienced doctor	theory
Int. organisations	0.5		theory
	57 hours		

B) Specialty course Rescue

Basics of	Minimum time	Instructor	Training
Rescue techniques in organised rescues	18	qualified, experienced mountain guides and rescue doctors	theory + worksop + practical
Mountain rescue in airborne sports	2	experienced mountain rescue doctor	theory + workshop
Canyoning rescue	6	experienced doctor and mountain guides	theory + workshop + practical
Hypothermia, avalanches and frostbite	8	experienced doctor and mountain guides	theory + workshop + practical
Cave rescues	2	experienced caving doctor	theory + workshop
Risk management	1	experienced doctor	theory
	37 hours		



C) Specialty course expedition and wilderness medicine

Basics of	Minimum time	Instructors	Training
Altitude	4	experienced expedition doctor	theory and workshop
Cold	3	experienced expedition doctor	theory + workshop
Travel Medicine	3	doctor specialized in tropical medicine or experienced doctor	theory
Traumatology	4	experienced expedition doctor	workshop
Improvised rescue technics	4	experienced expedition doctor	workshop
Survival technics in High altitude	10	mountain guide experienced in high altitude climbing	workshop and practical
Expedition medical kit	1	experienced expedition doctor	workshop
Common expedition problems	2	experienced expedition doctor	workshop
	31 hours		

UIAA-ICAR approvals

Common course

Country	1st approval	2nd approval
Austria	1998 – 2002	2003 – 2007
Germany	1998 – 2002	2003 – 2007
Switzerland	1998 – 2002	2003 – 2007
France	2000 – 2004	
Italy	1999 – 2003	
Spain Catalunya	1998 – 2002	2003 – 2007
Spain Zaragoza	1998 – 2002	2003 – 2007
England		2003 – 2007

2006 Snowdonia (GB)

Review of the Diploma MEDCOM UIAA-ICAR, ISMM

Revision of minimum requirements for International Diploma of Mountain Medicine







AGENDA A

Main Course

	40	Total
Written test and closing	2	
Cave accidents and rescue	2	p.m.
Canyoning rescue	2	
Hang glider and paraglider accident	2	a.m.
		Day 5
Practical medical lessons on snow (4 stations 60 - minutes each) 1. Avalanche victim with air pocket and hypothermia III after 90 min burial 2. Avalanche victim with blocked airways after 45 min burial 3. Avalanche victim with closed airways after 20 min burial, CPR 4. Crevasse accident with one trapped person presenting with hypothermia II	4	p.m.
Practical lesson on snow: transceiver search and probing	2	
Avalanche rescue and on-site management of avalanche victims	2	a.m.
		Day 4
On-site treatment of frostbite	1	
On-site treatment of hypothermia	2	
Rescue at high altitude	1	p.m.
Lightning injuries, heat injuries and exhaustion	1	
Specific medical aspects of air rescue	1	
On-site thoracostomy	1	
On-site trauma treatment in mountain rescue: dislocations, fractures, multiple trauma	1	a.m.
		Day 3
Practical lessons in the field (4 stations - 60 minutes each) 1. Initial assessment of the patient after a fall on rock 2. Splinting, immobilisation and transportation of the patient a fall on rock 3. On-site medical treatment and technical rescue after a fall on rock 4. Specific aspects of on-site treatment in canyoning accidents	4	p.m.
Volume resuscitation in mountain rescue	_	
Airway management, ventilation and intubation in the field	1	
Treatment of pain in mountain rescue	1	
Medical equipment for the mountain rescue doctor	1	a.m.
		Day 2
Practical lessons in the field (4 stations - 60 minutes each) 1. Initial assessment of the patient 2. Reduction and splinting (Sam®-splint, vacuum splint, etc.) 3. Total body immobilisation, (stretcher, vacuum mattress) 4. Improvised transportation (nucksack stretcher, rucksack seat, rope seat, etc.)	4	p.m.
Minimum requirements for a mountain rescue doctor	1	
Introduction to air and ground mountain rescue: technical and medical aspects	1	
Risks and limitations of on-site medical treatment in the mountains	1	
Opening, introduction and presentation of the programme	1	a.m.
		Day 1
Lecture	Hours	Day

AGENDA B

Add-on Module Air rescue



Common Course

Specialty Course Rescue

Diploma Mountain Emergency Doctor

National Degree Emergency Medicine









MMSI



MEDCOM UIAA

International

Diploma of Mountain Emergency Doctor

In accordance with the requirements of the

Medical Commission International Mountaineering & Climbing Federation UIAA-MEDCOM International Commission for Mountain Emergency Medicine ICAR-MEDCOM International Society for Mountain Medicine ISMM (approved in Interlaken, August 27, 1997)

This is to certify that

has successfully passed the examination of mountain emergency medicine in theory and practice.

Location, date

The President ICAR MEDCOM

The Course Director ICAR MEDCOM

2005 Patagonia





